





## DAMP PROOF

### SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

- 1.1 Product identifier:** DAMP PROOF (Product Code: 112900)
- 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against:**  
Relevant uses: High performance coatings for wood, metal and other construction materials  
Uses advised against: All uses not specified in this section or in section 7.3
- 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet:**  
Berling S.A.  
Thesi Agia Paraskevi  
32011 Inofyta Viotias - Greece  
Phone.: +302262031663 - Fax: +302262031293  
info@berling.gr  
www.berling.gr
- 1.4 Emergency telephone number:** +30 210 7793 777 (Greek Poison Info Center)

### SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION \*\*

- 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:**  
**CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:**  
Classification of this product has been carried out in accordance with CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.  
Aquatic Chronic 3: Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard, Category 3, H412  
Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage, Category 1, H318  
Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquids, Category 3, H226  
Skin Irrit. 2: Skin irritation, Category 2, H315  
Skin Sens. 1B: Sensitisation, skin, Category 1B, H317  
STOT RE 1: Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure, Category 1, H372  
STOT SE 3: Specific toxicity causing drowsiness and dizziness, single exposure, Category 3, H336  
STOT SE 3: Respiratory tract toxicity, single exposure, Category 3, H335
- 2.2 Label elements:**  
**CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:**  
**Danger**
- 



- Hazard statements:**  
Aquatic Chronic 3: H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects  
Eye Dam. 1: H318 - Causes serious eye damage  
Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour  
Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation  
Skin Sens. 1B: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction  
STOT RE 1: H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure  
STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness  
STOT SE 3: H335 - May cause respiratory irritation
- Precautionary statements:**  
P101: If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand  
P102: Keep out of reach of children  
P103: Read label before use  
P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection  
P303+P361+P353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower  
P304+P340: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing  
P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing  
P501: Dispose of the contents/containers in accordance with the current legislation on waste treatment
- Substances that contribute to the classification**  
Cement, portland, chemicals (CAS: 65997-15-1); Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) (CAS: 64742-82-1)

\*\* Changes with regards to the previous version

- CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE -

## DAMP PROOF

### SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION \*\* (continued)

#### 2.3 Other hazards:

Product fails to meet PBT/vPvB criteria

\*\* Changes with regards to the previous version

### SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### 3.1 Substance:






Non-applicable

#### 3.2 Mixture:

**Chemical description:** Mixture composed of additives, fillers, pigments and resins in solvents

#### Components:

In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (point 3), the product contains:

Identification	Chemical name/Classification		Concentration
CAS: 65997-15-1 EC: 266-043-4 Index: Non-applicable REACH: Non-applicable	<b>Cement, portland, chemicals<sup>(1)</sup></b>	Self-classified	<b>24 - &lt;50 %</b>
	Regulation 1272/2008	Eye Dam. 1: H318; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; Skin Sens. 1B: H317; STOT SE 3: H335 - Danger 	
CAS: 64742-82-1 EC: 919-446-0 Index: Non-applicable REACH: 01-2119458049-33-XXXX	<b>Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)<sup>(1)</sup></b>	Self-classified	<b>19 - &lt;24 %</b>
	Regulation 1272/2008	Aquatic Chronic 2: H411; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; STOT RE 1: H372; STOT SE 3: H336; EUH066 - Danger 	
CAS: 67-64-1 EC: 200-662-2 Index: 606-001-00-8 REACH: 01-2119471330-49-XXXX	<b>Acetone<sup>(2)</sup></b>	ATP CLP00	<b>0,24 - &lt;0,9 %</b>
	Regulation 1272/2008	Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Flam. Liq. 2: H225; STOT SE 3: H336; EUH066 - Danger 	
CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7 Index: 601-022-00-9 REACH: 01-2119488216-32-XXXX	<b>Xylene<sup>(2)</sup></b>	ATP CLP00	<b>0,09 - &lt;0,24 %</b>
	Regulation 1272/2008	Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Warning 	
CAS: 111-76-2 EC: 203-905-0 Index: 603-014-00-0 REACH: 01-2119475108-36-XXXX	<b>2-butoxyethanol<sup>(2)</sup></b>	ATP CLP00	<b>&lt;0,09 %</b>
	Regulation 1272/2008	Acute Tox. 4: H302+H312+H332; Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Warning 	

<sup>(1)</sup> Substances presenting a health or environmental hazard which meet criteria laid down in Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830

<sup>(2)</sup> Substance with a Union workplace exposure limit

To obtain more information on the hazards of the substances consult sections 8, 11, 12, 15 and 16.

### SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures:

The symptoms resulting from intoxication can appear after exposure, therefore, in case of doubt, seek medical attention for direct exposure to the chemical product or persistent discomfort, showing the SDS of this product.

##### By inhalation:

Remove the person affected from the area of exposure, provide with fresh air and keep at rest. In serious cases such as cardiorespiratory failure, artificial resuscitation techniques will be necessary (mouth to mouth resuscitation, cardiac massage, oxygen supply, etc.) requiring immediate medical assistance.

##### By skin contact:

Remove contaminated clothing and footwear, rinse skin or shower the person affected if appropriate with plenty of cold water and neutral soap. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters form on the skin, these should never be burst as this will increase the risk of infection.

##### By eye contact:

Rinse eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. If the injured person uses contact lenses, these should be removed unless they are stuck to the eyes, in which case removal could cause further damage. In all cases, after cleaning, a doctor should be consulted as quickly as possible with the SDS for the product.

##### By ingestion/aspiration:

- CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE -

## DAMP PROOF

### SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES (continued)

Do not induce vomiting, but if it does happen keep the head down to avoid aspiration. Keep the person affected at rest. Rinse out the mouth and throat, as they may have been affected during ingestion.

**4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:**

Acute and delayed effects are indicated in sections 2 and 11.

**4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:**

Non-applicable

### SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

**5.1 Extinguishing media:**

If possible use polyvalent powder fire extinguishers (ABC powder), alternatively use foam or carbon dioxide extinguishers (CO<sub>2</sub>). IT IS RECOMMENDED NOT to use tap water as an extinguishing agent.

**5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:**

As a result of combustion or thermal decomposition reactive sub-products are created that can become highly toxic and, consequently, can present a serious health risk.

**5.3 Advice for firefighters:**

Depending on the magnitude of the fire it may be necessary to use full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Minimum emergency facilities and equipment should be available (fire blankets, portable first aid kit,...) in accordance with Directive 89/654/EC.

**Additional provisions:**

Act in accordance with the Internal Emergency Plan and the Information Sheets on actions to take after an accident or other emergencies. Eliminate all sources of ignition. In case of fire, cool the storage containers and tanks for products susceptible to combustion, explosion or BLEVE as a result of high temperatures. Avoid spillage of the products used to extinguish the fire into an aqueous medium.

### SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:**

Isolate leaks provided that there is no additional risk for the people performing this task. Evacuate the area and keep out those without protection. Personal protection equipment must be used against potential contact with the spilt product (See section 8). Above all prevent the formation of any vapour-air flammable mixtures, through either ventilation or the use of an inert medium. Destroy any source of ignition. Eliminate electrostatic charges by interconnecting all the conductive surfaces on which static electricity could form, and also ensuring that all surfaces are connected to the ground.

**6.2 Environmental precautions:**

Avoid at all cost any type of spillage into an aqueous medium. Contain the product absorbed appropriately in hermetically sealed containers. Notify the relevant authority in case of exposure to the general public or the environment.

**6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:**

It is recommended:

Absorb the spillage using sand or inert absorbent and move it to a safe place. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible absorbents. For any concern related to disposal consult section 13.

**6.4 Reference to other sections:**

See sections 8 and 13.

### SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

**7.1 Precautions for safe handling:**

A.- Precautions for safe manipulation

Use in ventilated areas. Avoid the build up of dust

B.- Technical recommendations for the prevention of fires and explosions

## DAMP PROOF

### SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE (continued)

Transfer in well ventilated areas, preferably through localized extraction. Fully control sources of ignition (mobile phones, sparks,...) and ventilate during cleaning operations. Avoid the existence of dangerous atmospheres inside containers, applying inertization systems where possible. Transfer at a slow speed to avoid the creation of electrostatic charges. Against the possibility of electrostatic charges: ensure a perfect equipotential connection, always use groundings, do not wear work clothes made of acrylic fibres, preferably wearing cotton clothing and conductive footwear. Comply with the essential security requirements for equipment and systems defined in Directive 94/9/EC (ATEX 100) and with the minimum requirements for protecting the security and health of workers under the selection criteria of Directive 1999/92/EC (ATEX 137). Consult section 10 for conditions and materials that should be avoided.

C.- Technical recommendations to prevent ergonomic and toxicological risks

Do not eat or drink during the process, washing hands afterwards with suitable cleaning products.

D.- Technical recommendations to prevent environmental risks

Due to the danger of this product for the environment it is recommended to use it within an area containing contamination control barriers in case of spillage, as well as having absorbent material in close proximity.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

A.- Technical measures for storage

Minimum Temp.: 5 °C

Maximum Temp.: 35 °C

B.- General conditions for storage

Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact with food. For additional information see subsection 10.5

Keep the container tightly sealed and protected from open air and humidity.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s):

Skin contact with liquid cement, fresh concrete or plaster may cause irritation, dermatitis or burns (after prolonged contact). Wet cement or materials containing liquid cement may corrode objects of aluminum or other non-noble metals

### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### 8.1 Control parameters:

Substances whose occupational exposure limits have to be monitored in the workplace

Identification		Environmental limits		
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	IOELV (8h)	50 ppm	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	IOELV (STEL)	100 ppm	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
2-butoxyethanol CAS: 111-76-2 EC: 203-905-0	IOELV (8h)	20 ppm	98 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	IOELV (STEL)	50 ppm	246 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Acetone CAS: 67-64-1 EC: 200-662-2	IOELV (8h)	500 ppm	1210 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	IOELV (STEL)			

#### DNEL (Workers):

Identification		Short exposure		Long exposure	
		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) CAS: 64742-82-1 EC: 919-446-0	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	44 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	330 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Non-applicable
Acetone CAS: 67-64-1 EC: 200-662-2	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	186 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Inhalation	Non-applicable	2420 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	1210 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Non-applicable
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	180 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Inhalation	289 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	289 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	77 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Non-applicable
2-butoxyethanol CAS: 111-76-2 EC: 203-905-0	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
	Dermal	89 mg/kg	Non-applicable	75 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Inhalation	663 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	246 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	98 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Non-applicable

#### DNEL (General population):

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## DAMP PROOF

### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

Identification		Short exposure		Long exposure	
		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) CAS: 64742-82-1 EC: 919-446-0	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	26 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	26 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	71 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Non-applicable
Acetone CAS: 67-64-1 EC: 200-662-2	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	62 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	62 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	200 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Non-applicable
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	1,6 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	108 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	14,8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Non-applicable
2-butoxyethanol CAS: 111-76-2 EC: 203-905-0	Oral	13,4 mg/kg	Non-applicable	3,2 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Dermal	44,5 mg/kg	Non-applicable	38 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Inhalation	426 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	123 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	49 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Non-applicable

#### PNEC:

Identification					
Acetone CAS: 67-64-1 EC: 200-662-2	STP	100 mg/L	Fresh water	10,6 mg/L	
	Soil	29,5 mg/kg	Marine water	1,06 mg/L	
	Intermittent	21 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	30,4 mg/kg	
	Oral	Non-applicable	Sediment (Marine water)	3,04 mg/kg	
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	STP	6,58 mg/L	Fresh water	0,327 mg/L	
	Soil	2,31 mg/kg	Marine water	0,327 mg/L	
	Intermittent	0,327 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	12,46 mg/kg	
	Oral	Non-applicable	Sediment (Marine water)	12,46 mg/kg	
2-butoxyethanol CAS: 111-76-2 EC: 203-905-0	STP	463 mg/L	Fresh water	8,8 mg/L	
	Soil	3,13 mg/kg	Marine water	0,88 mg/L	
	Intermittent	9,1 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	34,6 mg/kg	
	Oral	20 g/kg	Sediment (Marine water)	Non-applicable	



#### 8.2 Exposure controls:

##### A.- General security and hygiene measures in the work place



In accordance with the order of importance to control professional exposure (Directive 98/24/EC) it is recommended to use localized extraction in the work area as a collective protection measure to avoid exceeding the occupational exposure limits. In case of using personal protective equipment it should have CE marking in accordance with Directive 89/686/EC. For more information on Personal Protective Equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, class of protection,...) consult the information leaflet provided by the manufacturer. For additional information see subsection 7.1.

All information contained herein is a recommendation which needs some specification from the labour risk prevention services as it is not known whether the company has additional measures at its disposal.

##### B.- Respiratory protection

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
 Mandatory respiratory tract protection	Filter mask for gases, vapours and particles	 CAT III	EN 149:2001+A1:2009 EN 405:2001+A1:2009	Replace when an increase in resistance to breathing is observed and/or a smell or taste of the contaminant is detected.

##### C.- Specific protection for the hands

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
 Mandatory hand protection	NON-disposable chemical protective gloves	 CAT III	EN 374-1:2003 EN 374-3:2003/AC:2006 EN 420:2003+A1:2009	The Breakthrough Time indicated by the manufacturer must exceed the period during which the product is being used. Do not use protective creams after the product has come into contact with skin.



"As the product is a mixture of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be predicted in advance with total reliability and has therefore to be checked prior to the application"

##### D.- Ocular and facial protection





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**DAMP PROOF**



**SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)**

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
 Mandatory face protection	Face shield		EN 166:2001 EN 167:2001 EN 168:2001 EN ISO 4007:2012	Clean daily and disinfect periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions. Use if there is a risk of splashing.

**E.- Body protection**

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
 Mandatory complete body protection	Disposable clothing for protection against chemical risks, with antistatic and fireproof properties		EN 1149-1,2,3 EN 13034:2005+A1:2009 EN ISO 13982-1:2004/A1:2010 EN ISO 6529:2001 EN ISO 6530:2005 EN ISO 13688:2013 EN 464:1994	For professional use only. Clean periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions.
 Mandatory foot protection	Safety footwear for protection against chemical risk, with antistatic and heat resistant properties		EN 13287:2008 EN ISO 20345:2011 EN 13832-1:2006	Replace boots at any sign of deterioration.

**F.- Additional emergency measures**

Emergency measure	Standards	Emergency measure	Standards
 Emergency shower	ANSI Z358-1 ISO 3864-1:2002	 Eyewash stations	DIN 12 899 ISO 3864-1:2002

**Environmental exposure controls:**

In accordance with the community legislation for the protection of the environment it is recommended to avoid environmental spillage of both the product and its container. For additional information see subsection 7.1.D

**Volatile organic compounds:**

With regard to Directive 2010/75/EU, this product has the following characteristics:

V.O.C. (Supply): Not available

V.O.C. density at 25 °C: Not available

Average carbon number: Not available

Average molecular weight: Not available

With regard to Directive 2004/42/EC, this product which is ready to use has the following characteristics:

V.O.C. density at 25 °C: 430 kg/m<sup>3</sup> (430 g/L)

EU limit for the product (Cat. A.C): 430 g/L (2010)

Components: SOLVENT E - 5 % v/v ; WHITE SPIRIT - 10 % v/v

**SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

**9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties:**

For complete information see the product datasheet.

**Appearance:**

Physical state at 20 °C: Liquid

Appearance: Granulated

Colour: Not available

Odour: Solvent

Odour threshold: Non-applicable \*

**Volatility:**

\*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

- CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE -

## DAMP PROOF

### SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES (continued)

Boiling point at atmospheric pressure:	142 °C
Vapour pressure at 25 °C:	2204 Pa
Vapour pressure at 50 °C:	49,69 (6,62 kPa)
Evaporation rate at 25 °C:	Non-applicable *
<b>Product description:</b>	
Density at 25 °C:	1660 - 1720 kg/m <sup>3</sup>
Relative density at 25 °C:	Non-applicable *
Dynamic viscosity at 25 °C:	4906,86 cP
Kinematic viscosity at 25 °C:	Non-applicable *
Kinematic viscosity at 40 °C:	Non-applicable *
Concentration:	Non-applicable *
pH:	Non-applicable *
Vapour density at 25 °C:	Non-applicable *
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water 25 °C:	Non-applicable *
Solubility in water at 25 °C:	Non-applicable *
Solubility properties:	Non-applicable *
Decomposition temperature:	Non-applicable *
Melting point/freezing point:	Non-applicable *
Explosive properties:	Non-applicable *
Oxidising properties:	Non-applicable *
<b>Flammability:</b>	
Flash Point:	35 °C
Flammability (solid, gas):	Non-applicable *
Autoignition temperature:	238 °C
Lower flammability limit:	Not available
Upper flammability limit:	Not available
<b>Explosive:</b>	
Lower explosive limit:	Non-applicable *
Upper explosive limit:	Non-applicable *
<b>9.2 Other information:</b>	
Surface tension at 25 °C:	Non-applicable *
Refraction index:	Non-applicable *

\*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

### SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

#### 10.1 Reactivity:

No hazardous reactions are expected because the product is stable under recommended storage conditions. See section 7.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability:

Chemically stable under the conditions of storage, handling and use.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Under the specified conditions, hazardous reactions that lead to excessive temperatures or pressure are not expected.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid:

Applicable for handling and storage at room temperature:

Shock and friction	Contact with air	Increase in temperature	Sunlight	Humidity
Not applicable	Not applicable	Risk of combustion	Avoid direct impact	Avoid direct impact

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## DAMP PROOF

### SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY (continued)

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials:

Acids	Water	Combustive materials	Combustible materials	Others
Incompatible	Silicate formation and calcium hydroxide	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable	Base metal salts (Al, NH <sub>4</sub> ,...)

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

See subsection 10.3, 10.4 and 10.5 to find out the specific decomposition products. Depending on the decomposition conditions, complex mixtures of chemical substances can be released: carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), carbon monoxide and other organic compounds.

### SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects:

The experimental information related to the toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

Contains glycols. It is recommended not to breathe the vapours for prolonged periods of time due to the possibility of effects that are hazardous to the health.

##### Dangerous health implications:

In case of exposure that is repetitive, prolonged or at concentrations higher than the recommended occupational exposure limits, adverse effects on health may result, depending on the means of exposure:

##### A- Ingestion (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it contains substances classified as dangerous for consumption. For more information see section 3.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: The consumption of a considerable dose can cause irritation in the throat, abdominal pain, nausea and vomiting.

##### B- Inhalation (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as dangerous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: Causes irritation in respiratory passages, which is normally reversible and limited to the upper respiratory passages.

##### C- Contact with the skin and the eyes (acute effect):

- Contact with the skin: Produces skin inflammation.
- Contact with the eyes: Produces serious eye damage after contact.

##### D- CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity to reproduction):

- Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for the effects mentioned. For more information see section 3.  
IARC: Quartz (RCS < 1 %) (1); Xylene (3); Titanium dioxide (2B); 2-butoxyethanol (3)
- Mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- Reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

##### E- Sensitizing effects:

- Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3.
- Cutaneous: Prolonged contact with the skin can result in episodes of allergic contact dermatitis.

##### F- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - single exposure:

Causes irritation in respiratory passages, which is normally reversible and limited to the upper respiratory passages.

##### G- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure:

- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure: Serious health effects in the case of prolonged consumption, including death, serious functional disorders or morphological changes of toxicological importance.
- Skin: Remove contaminated clothing and footwear, rinse skin or shower the person affected if appropriate with plenty of cold water and neutral soap. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters form on the skin, these should never be burst as this will increase the risk of infection.

##### H- Aspiration hazard:

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## DAMP PROOF

### SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

#### Other information:

Contact with human skin, without adequate protection, can result in skin thickening, cracking, or fissuring

#### Specific toxicology information on the substances:

Identification	Acute toxicity		Genus
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) CAS: 64742-82-1 EC: 919-446-0	LD50 oral	>2000 mg/kg	
	LD50 dermal	>2000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation	>20 mg/L (4 h)	
Cement, portland, chemicals CAS: 65997-15-1 EC: 266-043-4	LD50 oral	>2000 mg/kg	
	LD50 dermal	>2000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation	>5 mg/L (4 h)	
Acetone CAS: 67-64-1 EC: 200-662-2	LD50 oral	5800 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	7426 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation	76 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	LD50 oral	2100 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	1100 mg/kg	Rat
	LC50 inhalation	>20 mg/L	
2-butoxyethanol CAS: 111-76-2 EC: 203-905-0	LD50 oral	1414 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	1060 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation	11 mg/L (4 h)	Rat

### SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The experimental information related to the eco-toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

#### 12.1 Toxicity:

Identification	Acute toxicity		Species	Genus
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) CAS: 64742-82-1 EC: 919-446-0	LC50	1 - 10 mg/L (96 h)		Fish
	EC50	1 - 10 mg/L		Crustacean
	EC50	1 - 10 mg/L		Algae
Acetone CAS: 67-64-1 EC: 200-662-2	LC50	5540 mg/L (96 h)	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Fish
	EC50	23.5 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	3400 mg/L (48 h)	Chlorella pyrenoidosa	Algae
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	LC50	13.5 mg/L (96 h)	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Fish
	EC50	3.4 mg/L (48 h)	Ceriodaphnia dubia	Crustacean
	EC50	10 mg/L (72 h)	Skeletonema costatum	Algae
2-butoxyethanol CAS: 111-76-2 EC: 203-905-0	LC50	1490 mg/L (96 h)	Lepomis macrochirus	Fish
	EC50	1815 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	911 mg/L (72 h)	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	Algae

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability:

Identification	Degradability		Biodegradability	
Acetone CAS: 67-64-1 EC: 200-662-2	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	100 mg/L
	COD	Non-applicable	Period	28 days
	BOD5/COD	0.96	% Biodegradable	96 %
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	Non-applicable
	COD	Non-applicable	Period	28 days
	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	88 %
2-butoxyethanol CAS: 111-76-2 EC: 203-905-0	BOD5	0.71 g O2/g	Concentration	100 mg/L
	COD	2.2 g O2/g	Period	14 days
	BOD5/COD	0.32	% Biodegradable	96 %

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential:

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### SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Identification	Bioaccumulation potential	
Acetone	BCF	1
CAS: 67-64-1	Pow Log	-0.24
EC: 200-662-2	Potential	Low
Xylene	BCF	9
CAS: 1330-20-7	Pow Log	2.77
EC: 215-535-7	Potential	Low
2-butoxyethanol	BCF	3
CAS: 111-76-2	Pow Log	0.83
EC: 203-905-0	Potential	Low

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil:

Identification	Absorption/desorption		Volatility	
Acetone	Koc	1	Henry	2,93 Pa·m <sup>3</sup> /mol
CAS: 67-64-1	Conclusion	Very High	Dry soil	Yes
EC: 200-662-2	Surface tension	2,304E-2 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Yes
Xylene	Koc	202	Henry	524,86 Pa·m <sup>3</sup> /mol
CAS: 1330-20-7	Conclusion	Moderate	Dry soil	Yes
EC: 215-535-7	Surface tension	Non-applicable	Moist soil	Yes
2-butoxyethanol	Koc	8	Henry	1,621E-1 Pa·m <sup>3</sup> /mol
CAS: 111-76-2	Conclusion	Very High	Dry soil	No
EC: 203-905-0	Surface tension	2,729E-2 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Yes

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

Product fails to meet PBT/vPvB criteria

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects:

Not described

### SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods:

Code	Description	Waste class (Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014)
08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances	Dangerous

#### Type of waste (Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014):

HP14 Ecotoxic, HP3 Flammable, HP4 Irritant — skin irritation and eye damage, HP5 Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT)/Aspiration Toxicity, HP13 Sensitising

#### Waste management (disposal and evaluation):

Consult the authorized waste service manager on the assessment and disposal operations in accordance with Annex 1 and Annex 2 (Directive 2008/98/EC). As under 15 01 (2014/955/EC) of the code and in case the container has been in direct contact with the product, it will be processed the same way as the actual product. Otherwise, it will be processed as non-dangerous residue. We do not recommended disposal down the drain. See paragraph 6.2.

#### Regulations related to waste management:

In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) the community or state provisions related to waste management are stated

Community legislation: Directive 2008/98/EC, 2014/955/EU, Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014

### SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

#### Transport of dangerous goods by land:

With regard to ADR 2017 and RID 2017:

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### SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION (continued)



- 14.1 UN number:** UN1263  
**14.2 UN proper shipping name:** PAINT  
**14.3 Transport hazard class(es):** 3  
**Labels:** 3  
**14.4 Packing group:** III  
**14.5 Environmental hazards:** No  
**14.6 Special precautions for user**  
Special regulations: 163, 367, 650  
Tunnel restriction code: D/E  
Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9  
Limited quantities: 5 L  
**14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code:** Non-applicable

#### Transport of dangerous goods by sea:

With regard to IMDG 38-16:



- 14.1 UN number:** UN1263  
**14.2 UN proper shipping name:** PAINT  
**14.3 Transport hazard class(es):** 3  
**Labels:** 3  
**14.4 Packing group:** III  
**14.5 Environmental hazards:** No  
**14.6 Special precautions for user**  
Special regulations: 223, 955, 163, 367  
EmS Codes: F-E, S-E  
Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9  
Limited quantities: 5 L  
Segregation group: Non-applicable  
**14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code:** Non-applicable

#### Transport of dangerous goods by air:

With regard to IATA/ICAO 2018:



- 14.1 UN number:** UN1263  
**14.2 UN proper shipping name:** PAINT  
**14.3 Transport hazard class(es):** 3  
**Labels:** 3  
**14.4 Packing group:** III  
**14.5 Environmental hazards:** No  
**14.6 Special precautions for user**  
Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9  
**14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code:** Non-applicable

### SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:

Candidate substances for authorisation under the Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH): Non-applicable  
Substances included in Annex XIV of REACH ("Authorisation List") and sunset date: Non-applicable  
Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009, about substances that deplete the ozone layer: Non-applicable  
Article 95, REGULATION (EU) No 528/2012: Non-applicable  
REGULATION (EU) No 649/2012, in relation to the import and export of hazardous chemical products: Non-applicable

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## DAMP PROOF

### SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION (continued)

#### Seveso III:

Section	Description	Lower-tier requirements	Upper-tier requirements
P5c		5000	50000

#### Limitations to commercialisation and the use of certain dangerous substances and mixtures (Annex XVII REACH, etc ....):

Regulation (EU) No 98/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 January 2013 on the marketing and use of explosives precursors: Contains Acetone. Product under the provisions of Article 9

1. Cement and cement-containing mixtures shall not be placed on the market, or used, if they contain, when hydrated, more than 2 mg/kg (0,0002 %) soluble chromium VI of the total dry weight of the cement.
2. If reducing agents are used, then without prejudice to the application of other Community provisions on the classification, packaging and labelling of substances and mixtures, suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that the packaging of cement or cement-containing mixtures is visibly, legibly and indelibly marked with information on the packing date, as well as on the storage conditions and the storage period appropriate to maintaining the activity of the reducing agent and to keeping the content of soluble chromium VI below the limit indicated in paragraph 1.
3. By way of derogation, paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not apply to the placing on the market for, and use in, controlled closed and totally automated processes in which cement and cement-containing mixtures are handled solely by machines and in which there is no possibility of contact with the skin.

Shall not be used in:

- ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays,
- tricks and jokes,
- games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects.

#### Specific provisions in terms of protecting people or the environment:

It is recommended to use the information included in this safety data sheet as a basis for conducting workplace-specific risk assessments in order to establish the necessary risk prevention measures for the handling, use, storage and disposal of this product.

#### Other legislation:

The product could be affected by sectorial legislation

#### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment:

The supplier has not carried out evaluation of chemical safety.

### SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

#### Legislation related to safety data sheets:

This safety data sheet has been designed in accordance with ANNEX II-Guide to the compilation of safety data sheets of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (Regulation (EC) No 2015/830)

#### Modifications related to the previous Safety Data Sheet which concerns the ways of managing risks.:

CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (SECTION 2, SECTION 16):  
· Supplementary information

#### Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 2:

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness  
H335: May cause respiratory irritation  
H372: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure  
H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects  
H315: Causes skin irritation  
H318: Causes serious eye damage  
H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction  
H226: Flammable liquid and vapour

#### Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 3:

The phrases indicated do not refer to the product itself; they are present merely for informative purposes and refer to the individual components which appear in section 3

#### CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

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**SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION (continued)**

Acute Tox. 4: H302+H312+H332 - Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled  
Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332 - Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled  
Aquatic Chronic 2: H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects  
Asp. Tox. 1: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways  
Eye Dam. 1: H318 - Causes serious eye damage  
Eye Irrit. 2: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation  
Flam. Liq. 2: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour  
Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour  
Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation  
Skin Sens. 1B: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction  
STOT RE 1: H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure  
STOT SE 3: H335 - May cause respiratory irritation  
STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

**Classification procedure:**

STOT SE 3: Calculation method  
STOT SE 3: Calculation method  
STOT RE 1: Calculation method  
Aquatic Chronic 3: Calculation method  
Skin Irrit. 2: Calculation method  
Eye Dam. 1: Calculation method  
Skin Sens. 1B: Calculation method  
Flam. Liq. 3: Calculation method (2.6.4.3)

**Advice related to training:**

Minimal training is recommended in order to prevent industrial risks for staff using this product and to facilitate their comprehension and interpretation of this safety data sheet, as well as the label on the product.

**Principal bibliographical sources:**

<http://echa.europa.eu>  
<http://eur-lex.europa.eu>

**Abbreviations and acronyms:**

ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by road  
IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods code  
IATA: International Air Transport Association  
ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation  
COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand  
BOD5: 5-day biochemical oxygen demand  
BCF: Bioconcentration factor  
LD50: Lethal Dose 50  
LC50: Lethal Concentration 50  
EC50: Effective concentration 50  
Log-POW: Octanol–water partition coefficient  
Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon