

BERLING LAC SATIN No 60 (BLACK)

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

- 1.1 Product identifier:** BERLING LAC SATIN No 60 (BLACK) (Product code: 112860)
- 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against:**
Relevant uses: High performance coatings for wood, metal and other construction materials. For professional use only.
Uses advised against: All uses not specified in this section or in section 7.3
- 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet:**
Berling S.A.
Thesi Agia Paraskevi
32011 Inofyta Viotias - Greece
Phone.: +302262031663 -
Fax: +302262031293
info@berling.gr
www.berling.gr
- 1.4 Emergency telephone number:** +30 210 7793 777 (Greek Poison Info Center)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

- 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:**
Directive 67/548/EC and Directive 1999/45/EC:
This product was classified in accordance with Directive 67/548/EC and Directive 1999/45/EC, adapting the requirements to Regulation (EC) n°1907/2006 (REACH regulation).
N: R51/53 - Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment
Xn: R48/20 - Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation
R10 - Flammable
R66 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking
R67 - Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness
- CLP Regulation (EC) n° 1272/2008:**
Classification of this product has been carried out in accordance with CLP Regulation (EC) n° 1272/2008.
Aquatic Chronic 2: Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard, Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquids, Category 3
STOT RE 1: Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure, Category 1
STOT SE 3: Specific toxicity causing drowsiness and dizziness, single exposure, Category 3
- 2.2 Label elements:**
CLP Regulation (EC) n° 1272/2008:
Danger
- 
- Hazard statements:**
Aquatic Chronic 2: H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour
STOT RE 1: H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness
- Precautionary statements:**
P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking
P233: Keep container tightly closed
P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
P303+P361+P353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower
P304+P340: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing
P370+P378: In case of fire: Use ABC powder extinguisher to extinguish.
P405: Store locked up
P501: Dispose of the contents/containers in accordance with the current legislation on waste treatment
- Supplementary information:**
EUH066: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking
EUH208: Contains Butanone oxime, Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate). May produce an allergic reaction
- Substances that contribute to the classification**
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%); Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy

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SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION (continue)

2.3 Other hazards:

Non-applicable

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical description: Mixture composed of additives, fillers, pigments and resins in solvents

Components:

In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) n°1907/2006 (point 3), the product contains:

| Identification | Chemical name/Classification | Concentration |
|---|--|----------------|
| CAS: Non-applicable EC: 919-446-0 Index: Non-applicable REACH: 01-2119458049-33-XXXX | Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) Self-classified | 24 - <75 % |
| | Directive 67/548/EC N: R51/53; Xn: R48/20, R65; R10; R66; R67 Regulation 1272/2008 Aquatic Chronic 2: H411; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; STOT RE 1: H372; STOT SE 3: H336 - Danger | |
| CAS: 96-29-7 EC: 202-496-6 Index: 616-014-00-0 REACH: 01-2119539477-28-XXXX | Butanone oxime ATP CLP00 | 0,24 - <0,9 % |
| | Directive 67/548/EC Carc. Cat 3: R40; Xi: R41, R43; Xn: R21 Regulation 1272/2008 Acute Tox. 4: H312; Carc. 2: H351; Eye Dam. 1: H318; Skin Sens. 1: H317 - Danger | |
| CAS: 136-52-7 EC: 205-250-6 Index: Non-applicable REACH: 01-2119524678-29-XXXX | Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) Self-classified | 0,09 - <0,24 % |
| | Directive 67/548/EC N: R50/53; Repr. Cat 3: R62; Xi: R43; Xn: R21/22 Regulation 1272/2008 Acute Tox. 4: H302; Aquatic Chronic 1: H410; Repr. 2: H361f; Skin Sens. 1: H317 - Warning | |
| CAS: 64742-95-6 EC: 265-199-0 Index: 649-356-00-4 REACH: 01-2119486773-24-XXXX | Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. ATP ATP01 | 0,09 - <0,24 % |
| | Directive 67/548/EC N: R51/53; Xi: R37; Xn: R65; R10; R66; R67 Regulation 1272/2008 Aquatic Chronic 2: H411; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; STOT SE 3: H335; STOT SE 3: H336 - Danger | |
| CAS: 64742-82-1 EC: 265-185-4 Index: 649-330-00-2 REACH: 01-2119490979-12-XXXX | Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy ATP ATP05 | 0,09 - <0,24 % |
| | Directive 67/548/EC N: R51/53; Xn: R65; R10; R66; R67 Regulation 1272/2008 Aquatic Chronic 2: H411; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; STOT SE 3: H336 - Danger | |
| CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7 Index: 601-022-00-9 REACH: 01-2119488216-32-XXXX | Xylene (mixture of isomers) ATP CLP00 | 0,09 - <0,24 % |
| | Directive 67/548/EC Xi: R38; Xn: R20/21; R10 Regulation 1272/2008 Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Warning | |

To obtain more information on the risk of the substances consult sections 8, 11, 12 and 16.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures:

The symptoms resulting from intoxication can appear after exposure, therefore, in case of doubt, seek medical attention for direct exposure to the chemical product or persistent discomfort, showing the MSDS of this product.

By inhalation:

Remove the person affected from the area of exposure, provide with fresh air and keep at rest. In serious cases such as cardiorespiratory failure, artificial resuscitation techniques will be necessary (mouth to mouth resuscitation, cardiac massage, oxygen supply, etc.) requiring immediate medical assistance.

By skin contact:

Remove contaminated clothing and footwear, rinse skin or shower the person affected if appropriate with plenty of cold water and neutral soap. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters form on the skin, these should never be burst as this will increase the risk of infection.

By eye contact:

Rinse eyes thoroughly with luke warm water for at least 15 minutes. Do not allow the person affected to rub or close their eyes. If the injured person uses contact lenses, these should be removed unless they are stuck to the eyes, as this could cause further damage. In all cases, after cleaning, a doctor should be consulted as quickly as possible with the MSDS of the product.

By consumption:



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SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES (continue)

Do not induce vomiting, but if it does happen keep the head up to avoid inhalation. Keep the person affected at rest. Rinse out the mouth and throat, as they may have been affected during ingestion.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Acute and delayed effects are indicated in sections 2 and 11.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

Non-applicable

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media:

If possible use polyvalent powder fire extinguishers (ABC powder), alternatively use foam or carbon dioxide extinguishers (CO₂). IT IS RECOMMENDED NOT to use tap water as an extinguishing agent.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

As a result of combustion or thermal decomposition reactive sub-products are created that can become highly toxic and, consequently, can present a serious health risk.

5.3 Advice for firefighters:

Depending on the magnitude of the fire it may be necessary to use full protective clothing and individual respiratory equipment. Minimum emergency facilities and equipment should be available (fire blankets, portable first aid kit,...) in accordance with Directive 89/654/EC.

Additional provisions:

Act in accordance with the Internal Emergency Plan and the Information Sheets on actions to take after an accident or other emergencies. Destroy any source of ignition. In case of fire, refrigerate the storage containers and tanks for products susceptible to inflammation, explosion or BLEVE as a result of high temperatures. Avoid spillage of the products used to extinguish the fire into an aqueous medium.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Isolate leaks provided that there is no additional risk for the people performing this task. Evacuate the area and keep out those without protection. Personal protection equipment must be used against potential contact with the spilt product (See section 8). Above all prevent the formation of any vapour-air flammable mixtures, through either ventilation or the use of an inertizing agent. Destroy any source of ignition. Eliminate electrostatic charges by interconnecting all the conductive surfaces on which static electricity could form, and also ensuring that all surfaces are connected to the ground.

6.2 Environmental precautions:

Avoid at all cost any type of spillage into an aqueous medium. Contain the product absorbed appropriately in hermetically sealed containers. Notify the relevant authority in case of exposure to the general public or the environment.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

It is recommended:

Absorb the spillage using sand or inert absorbent and move it to a safe place. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible absorbents. For any concern related to disposal consult section 13.

6.4 Reference to other sections:

See sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

A.- Precautions for safe manipulation

Comply with the current legislation concerning the prevention of industrial risks. Keep containers hermetically sealed. Control spills and residues, destroying them with safe methods (section 6). Avoid leakages from the container. Maintain order and cleanliness where dangerous products are used.

B.- Technical recommendations for the prevention of fires and explosions

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SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE (continue)

Transfer in well ventilated areas, preferably through localized extraction. Fully control sources of ignition (mobile phones, sparks,...) and ventilate during cleaning operations. Avoid the existence of dangerous atmospheres inside containers, applying inertization systems where possible. Transfer at a slow speed to avoid the creation of electrostatic charges. Against the possibility of electrostatic charges: ensure a perfect equipotential connection, always use groundings, do not wear work clothes made of acrylic fibres, preferably wearing cotton clothing and conductive footwear. Comply with the essential security requirements for equipment and systems defined in Directive 94/9/EC (ATEX 100) and with the minimum requirements for protecting the security and health of workers under the selection criteria of Directive 1999/92/EC (ATEX 137). Consult section 10 for conditions and materials that should be avoided.

C.- Technical recommendations to prevent ergonomic and toxicological risks

Do not eat or drink during the process, washing hands afterwards with suitable cleaning products.

D.- Technical recommendations to prevent environmental risks

Due to the danger of this product for the environment it is recommended to use it within an area containing contamination control barriers in case of spillage, as well as having absorbent material in close proximity.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

A.- Technical measures for storage

Minimum Temp.: 5 °C

Maximum Temp.: 35 °C

B.- General conditions for storage

Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact with food. For additional information see subsection 10.5

7.3 Specific end use(s):

Except for the instructions already specified it is not necessary to provide any special recommendation regarding the uses of this product.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters:

Substances whose occupational exposure limits have to be monitored in the work environment

| Identification | Environmental limits | | |
|--|----------------------|-----------------------|------|
| | IOELV (8h) | IOELV (STEL) | Year |
| Xylene (mixture of isomers) CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7 | 50 ppm | 442 mg/m ³ | 2014 |

DNEL (Workers):

| Identification | | Short exposure | | Long exposure | |
|---|------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| | | Systemic | Local | Systemic | Local |
| Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) CAS: Non-applicable EC: 919-446-0 | Oral | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | Non-applicable |
| | Dermal | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | 44 mg/kg | Non-applicable |
| | Inhalation | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | 330 mg/m ³ | Non-applicable |
| Butanone oxime CAS: 96-29-7 EC: 202-496-6 | Oral | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | Non-applicable |
| | Dermal | 2,5 mg/kg | Non-applicable | 1,3 mg/kg | Non-applicable |
| | Inhalation | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | 9 mg/m ³ | 3,33 mg/m ³ |
| Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) CAS: 136-52-7 EC: 205-250-6 | Oral | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | Non-applicable |
| | Dermal | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | Non-applicable |
| | Inhalation | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | 0,2351 mg/m ³ |
| Xylene (mixture of isomers) CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7 | Oral | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | Non-applicable |
| | Dermal | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | 180 mg/kg | Non-applicable |
| | Inhalation | 289 mg/m ³ | 289 mg/m ³ | 77 mg/m ³ | Non-applicable |

DNEL (Population):

| Identification | | Short exposure | | Long exposure | |
|---|------------|----------------|----------------|----------------------|----------------|
| | | Systemic | Local | Systemic | Local |
| Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) CAS: Non-applicable EC: 919-446-0 | Oral | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | 26 mg/kg | Non-applicable |
| | Dermal | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | 26 mg/kg | Non-applicable |
| | Inhalation | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | 71 mg/m ³ | Non-applicable |

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SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continue)

| Identification | | Short exposure | | Long exposure | |
|--|------------|----------------|----------------|------------------------|-------------------------|
| | | Systemic | Local | Systemic | Local |
| Butanone oxime CAS: 96-29-7 EC: 202-496-6 | Oral | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | Non-applicable |
| | Dermal | 1,5 mg/kg | Non-applicable | 0,78 mg/kg | Non-applicable |
| | Inhalation | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | 2,7 mg/m ³ | 2 mg/m ³ |
| Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) CAS: 136-52-7 EC: 205-250-6 | Oral | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | 0,0558 mg/kg | Non-applicable |
| | Dermal | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | Non-applicable |
| | Inhalation | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | 0,037 mg/m ³ |
| Xylene (mixture of isomers) CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7 | Oral | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | 1,6 mg/kg | Non-applicable |
| | Dermal | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | 108 mg/kg | Non-applicable |
| | Inhalation | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | 14,8 mg/m ³ | Non-applicable |

PNEC:

| Identification | | | | |
|--|--------------|----------------|-------------------------|----------------|
| Butanone oxime CAS: 96-29-7 EC: 202-496-6 | STP | 177 mg/L | Fresh water | 0,256 mg/L |
| | Soil | Non-applicable | Marine water | Non-applicable |
| | Intermittent | 0,118 mg/L | Sediment (Fresh water) | Non-applicable |
| | Oral | Non-applicable | Sediment (Marine water) | Non-applicable |
| Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) CAS: 136-52-7 EC: 205-250-6 | STP | 0,37 mg/L | Fresh water | 0,00051 mg/L |
| | Soil | 7,9 mg/kg | Marine water | 0,00236 mg/L |
| | Intermittent | Non-applicable | Sediment (Fresh water) | 9,5 mg/kg |
| | Oral | Non-applicable | Sediment (Marine water) | 9,5 mg/kg |
| Xylene (mixture of isomers) CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7 | STP | 6,58 mg/L | Fresh water | 0,327 mg/L |
| | Soil | 2,31 mg/kg | Marine water | 0,327 mg/L |
| | Intermittent | 0,327 mg/L | Sediment (Fresh water) | 12,46 mg/kg |
| | Oral | Non-applicable | Sediment (Marine water) | 12,46 mg/kg |

8.2 Exposure controls:

A.- General security and hygiene measures in the work place

In accordance with the order of importance to control professional exposure (Directive 98/24/EC) it is recommended to use localized extraction in the work area as a collective protection measure to avoid exceeding the professional exposure limits. In case of using individual protection equipment they should have the "CE marking" in accordance with Directive 89/686/EC. For more information on Personal Protection Equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, class of protection,...) consult the information leaflet provided by the manufacturer. For additional information see subsection 7.1.

All information contained herein is a recommendation which needs some specification from the labour risk prevention services as it is not known whether the company has additional measures at its disposal.

B.- Respiratory protection

| Pictogram | PPE | Labelling | CEN Standard | Remarks |
|---|-----------------------------------|--|---------------------|--|
|  Mandatory respiratory tract protection | Filter mask for gases and vapours |  CAT III | EN 405:2001+A1:2009 | Replace when there is a taste or smell of the contaminant inside the face mask. If the contaminant comes with warnings it is recommended to use isolation equipment. |

C.- Specific protection for the hands

| Pictogram | PPE | Labelling | CEN Standard | Remarks |
|--|---|--|---|--|
|  Mandatory hand protection | NON-disposable chemical protective gloves |  CAT III | EN 374-1:2003 EN 374-3:2003/AC:2006 EN 420:2003+A1:2009 | The Breakthrough Time indicated by the manufacturer must exceed the period during which the product is being used. Do not use protective creams after the product has come into contact with skin. |

D.- Ocular and facial protection

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SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continue)

| Pictogram | PPE | Labelling | CEN Standard | Remarks |
|--|-----------|---|---|---|
|  Mandatory face protection | Face mask |  | EN 166:2001 EN 167:2001 EN 168:2001 EN 172:1994/A1:2000 EN 172:1994/A2:2001 EN ISO 4007:2012 | Clean daily and disinfect periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions. Use if there is a risk of splashing. |

E.- Bodily protection

| Pictogram | PPE | Labelling | CEN Standard | Remarks |
|---|---|---|---|---|
|  Mandatory complete body protection | Disposable clothing for protection against chemical risks, with antistatic and fireproof properties |  | EN 1149-1,2,3 EN 13034:2005+A1:2009 EN ISO 13982-1:2004/A1:2010 EN ISO 6529:2001 EN ISO 6530:2005 EN ISO 13688:2013 EN 464:1994 | For professional use only. Clean periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions. |
|  Mandatory foot protection | Safety footwear for protection against chemical risk, with antistatic and heat resistant properties |  | EN 13287:2008 EN ISO 20345:2011 EN 13832-1:2006 EN ISO 20344:2011 | Replace boots at any sign of deterioration. |

F.- Additional emergency measures

| Emergency measure | Standards | Emergency measure | Standards |
|--|--------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|
|  Emergency shower | ANSI Z358-1 ISO 3864-1:2002 |  Eyewash stations | DIN 12 899 ISO 3864-1:2002 |

Environmental exposure controls:

In accordance with the community legislation for the protection of the environment it is recommended to avoid environmental spillage of both the product and its container. For additional information see subsection 7.1.D

Volatil organic compounds:

With regard to Directive 1999/13/EC, this product has the following characteristics:

- V.O.C. (Supply): Not available
- V.O.C. density at 25 °C: Not available
- Average carbon number: Not available
- Average molecular weight: Not available

With regard to Directive 2004/42/EC, this product which is ready to use has the following characteristics:

- V.O.C. density at 25 °C: 500 kg/m³ (500 g/L)
- EUlimit for the product (Cat. A.I): 500 g/L (2010)
- Components: WHITE SPIRIT

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

For complete information see the product datasheet.

Appearance:

- Physical state at 20 °C: Liquid
- Appearance: Not available
- Color:  Black
- Odor: Not available

Volatility:

- Boiling point at atmospheric pressure: 150 °C

*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.



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SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES (continue)

| | |
|--|-------------------------------|
| Vapour pressure at 25 °C: | 296 Pa |
| Vapour pressure at 50 °C: | 1571 Pa (2 kPa) |
| Evaporation rate at 25 °C: | Non-applicable * |
| Product description: | |
| Density at 25 °C: | 1250 - 1290 kg/m ³ |
| Relative density at 25 °C: | Non-applicable * |
| Dynamic viscosity at 25 °C: | 1708,88 - 1603,04 cP |
| Kinematic viscosity at 25 °C: | Non-applicable * |
| Kinematic viscosity at 40 °C: | Non-applicable * |
| Concentration: | Non-applicable * |
| pH: | Non-applicable * |
| Vapour density at 25 °C: | Non-applicable * |
| Partition coefficient n-octanol/water 25 °C: | Non-applicable * |
| Solubility in water at 25 °C: | Non-applicable * |
| Solubility property: | Non-applicable * |
| Decomposition temperature: | Non-applicable * |
| Melting point/freezing point: | Non-applicable * |

Flammability:

| | |
|---------------------------|---------------|
| Flash Point: | 40 °C |
| Autoignition temperature: | 275 °C |
| Lower flammability limit: | Not available |
| Upper flammability limit: | Not available |

9.2 Other information:

| | |
|---------------------------|------------------|
| Surface tension at 25 °C: | Non-applicable * |
| Refraction index: | Non-applicable * |

*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity:

No hazardous reactions are expected if the following technical instructions storage of chemicals. See section 7.

10.2 Chemical stability:

Chemically stable under the conditions of storage, handling and use.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Under the specified conditions, hazardous reactions that lead to excessive temperatures or pressure are not expected.

10.4 Conditions to avoid:

Applicable for handling and storage at room temperature:

| Shock and friction | Contact with air | Increase in temperature | Sunlight | Humidity |
|--------------------|------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|----------------|
| Not applicable | Not applicable | Risk of combustion | Avoid direct impact | Not applicable |

10.5 Incompatible materials:

| Acids | Water | Combustive materials | Combustible materials | Others |
|----------------|----------------|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------|
| Not applicable | Not applicable | Avoid direct impact | Avoid direct impact | Not applicable |

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

See subsection 10.3, 10.4 and 10.5 to find out the specific decomposition products. Depending on the decomposition conditions, complex mixtures of chemical substances can be released: carbon dioxide (CO₂), carbon monoxide and other organic compounds.

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SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects:

The experimental information related to the toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

Dangerous health implications:

In case of exposure that is repetitive, prolonged or at concentrations higher than recommended by the occupational exposure limits, it may result in adverse effects on health depending on the means of exposure:

A.- Ingestion:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it contains substances classified as dangerous for consumption. For more information see section 3.

B- Inhalation:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it contains substances classified as dangerous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.

C- Contact with the skin and the eyes:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it contains substances classified as dangerous for skin contact. For more information see section 3.

D- CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity to reproduction):

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it contains substances classified as dangerous with carcinogenic effects. For more information see section 3.

E- Sensitizing effects:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it contains substances classified as dangerous with sensitizing effects. For more information see section 3.

F- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-time exposure:

Exposure in high concentrations can cause a breakdown in the central nervous system causing headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea, vomiting, confusion and in serious cases, loss of concentration.

G- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure:

Serious health effects in the case of prolonged consumption, including death, serious functional disorders or morphological changes of toxicological importance.

H- Aspiration hazard:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however it does contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

Other information:

Non-applicable

Specific toxicology information on the substances:

| Identification | Acute toxicity | | Genus |
|---|-----------------|----------------|--------|
| Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) CAS: Non-applicable EC: 919-446-0 | LD50 oral | >2000 mg/kg | |
| | LD50 dermal | >2000 mg/kg | |
| | LC50 inhalation | Non-applicable | |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 CAS: 64742-95-6 EC: 265-199-0 | LD50 oral | 2100 mg/kg | Rat |
| | LD50 dermal | 2000 mg/kg | Rabbit |
| | LC50 inhalation | Non-applicable | |
| Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) CAS: 136-52-7 EC: 205-250-6 | LD50 oral | >2000 mg/kg | |
| | LD50 dermal | >2000 mg/kg | |
| | LC50 inhalation | Non-applicable | |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy, < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 CAS: 64742-82-1 EC: 265-185-4 | LD50 oral | 5100 mg/kg | Rat |
| | LD50 dermal | 3160 mg/kg | Rabbit |
| | LC50 inhalation | 12 mg/L (4 h) | Rat |
| Xylene (mixture of isomers) CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7 | LD50 oral | 2100 mg/kg | Rat |
| | LD50 dermal | 1100 mg/kg | Rat |
| | LC50 inhalation | 11 mg/L (4 h) | Rat |
| Butanone oxime CAS: 96-29-7 EC: 202-496-6 | LD50 oral | 2100 mg/kg | Rat |
| | LD50 dermal | 1100 mg/kg | Rat |
| | LC50 inhalation | Non-applicable | |

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SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The experimental information related to the ecotoxicological properties of the product itself is not available

12.1 Toxicity:

| Identification | Acute toxicity | | Specie | Genus |
|---|----------------|---------------------|-------------------------|------------|
| Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) CAS: Non-applicable EC: 919-446-0 | LC50 | 1 - 10 mg/L (96 h) | | Fish |
| | EC50 | 1 - 10 mg/L | | Crustacean |
| | EC50 | 1 - 10 mg/L | | Alga |
| Butanone oxime CAS: 96-29-7 EC: 202-496-6 | LC50 | 843 mg/L (96 h) | Pimephales promelas | Fish |
| | EC50 | 750 mg/L (48 h) | Daphnia magna | Crustacean |
| | EC50 | 83 mg/L (72 h) | Scenedesmus subspicatus | Alga |
| Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) CAS: 136-52-7 EC: 205-250-6 | LC50 | 0,1 - 1 mg/L (96 h) | | Fish |
| | EC50 | 0,1 - 1 mg/L | | Crustacean |
| | EC50 | 0,1 - 1 mg/L | | Alga |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 CAS: 64742-95-6 EC: 265-199-0 | LC50 | 1 - 10 mg/L (96 h) | | Fish |
| | EC50 | 1 - 10 mg/L | | Crustacean |
| | EC50 | 1 - 10 mg/L | | Alga |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy, < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 CAS: 64742-82-1 EC: 265-185-4 | LC50 | Non-applicable | | |
| | EC50 | 4,3 mg/L (96 h) | Crangon crangon | Crustacean |
| | EC50 | Non-applicable | | |
| Xylene (mixture of isomers) CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7 | LC50 | 13,5 mg/L (96 h) | Oncorhynchus mykiss | Fish |
| | EC50 | 0,6 mg/L (96 h) | Gammarus lacustris | Crustacean |
| | EC50 | 10 mg/L (72 h) | Skeletonema costatum | Alga |

12.2 Persistence and degradability:

| Identification | Degradability | | Biodegradability | |
|---|---------------|----------------|------------------|----------------|
| | | | | |
| Butanone oxime CAS: 96-29-7 EC: 202-496-6 | BOD5 | Non-applicable | Concentration | 100 mg/L |
| | COD | Non-applicable | Period | 28 days |
| | BOD5/COD | Non-applicable | % Biodegradable | 24 % |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 CAS: 64742-95-6 EC: 265-199-0 | BOD5 | 0.19 g O2/g | Concentration | Non-applicable |
| | COD | 0.44 g O2/g | Period | Non-applicable |
| | BOD5/COD | 0.43 | % Biodegradable | Non-applicable |

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential:

| Identification | Bioaccumulation potential | |
|--|---------------------------|------|
| | | |
| Butanone oxime CAS: 96-29-7 EC: 202-496-6 | BCF | 5 |
| | Pow Log | 0,59 |
| | Potential | Low |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 CAS: 64742-95-6 EC: 265-199-0 | BCF | |
| | Pow Log | 4 |
| | Potential | |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy, < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 CAS: 64742-82-1 EC: 265-185-4 | BCF | 645 |
| | Pow Log | 4 |
| | Potential | High |
| Xylene (mixture of isomers) CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7 | BCF | 9 |
| | Pow Log | 2,77 |
| | Potential | Low |

12.4 Mobility in soil:

| Identification | Absorption/desorption | | Volatility | |
|--|-----------------------|-------------------|------------|---------------------------------|
| | | | | |
| Butanone oxime CAS: 96-29-7 EC: 202-496-6 | Koc | 3 | Henry | Non-applicable |
| | Conclusion | Very High | Dry soil | Non-applicable |
| | Surface tension | 25700 N/m (25 °C) | Moist soil | Non-applicable |
| Xylene (mixture of isomers) CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7 | Koc | 202 | Henry | 5,249E+2 Pa·m ³ /mol |
| | Conclusion | Moderate | Dry soil | Yes |
| | Surface tension | Non-applicable | Moist soil | Yes |

- CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE -

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SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continue)

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

Non-applicable

12.6 Other adverse effects:

Not described

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods:

| Code | Description | Waste class (Directive 2008/98/EC) |
|-----------|---|------------------------------------|
| 08 01 11* | Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances | Dangerous |

Waste management (disposal and evaluation):

Consult the authorized waste service manager on the assessment and disposal operations in accordance with Annex 1 and Annex 2 (Directive 2008/98/EC). As under 15 01 (2000/532/EC) of the code and in case the container has been in direct contact with the product, it will be processed the same way as the actual product. Otherwise, it will be processed as non-dangerous residue. We do not recommend disposal down the drain. See paragraph 6.2.

Regulations related to waste management:

In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) n°1907/2006 (REACH) the community or state provisions related to waste management are stated

Community legislation: Directive 2008/98/EC, 2000/532/EC; Commission Decision of 3 May 2000

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport of dangerous goods by land:

With regard to ADR 2013 and RID 2013:



- 14.1 UN number:** UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name: PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es): 3
 Labels: 3
14.4 Packing group: III
14.5 Dangerous for the environment: Yes
14.6 Special precautions for user
 Special regulations: 163, 640E, 650
 Tunnel restriction code: D/E
 Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9
 Limited quantities: 5 L
14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code: Non-applicable

Transport of dangerous goods by sea:

With regard to IMDG 36-12:

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SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION (continue)



- 14.1 UN number:** UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name: PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es): 3
 Labels: 3
14.4 Packing group: III
14.5 Dangerous for the environment: Yes
14.6 Special precautions for user
 Special regulations: 163, 223, 944, 955
 EmS Codes: F-E, S-E
 Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9
 Limited quantities: 5 L
14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code: Non-applicable

Transport of dangerous goods by air:

With regard to IATA/ICAO 2014:



- 14.1 UN number:** UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name: PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es): 3
 Labels: 3
14.4 Packing group: III
14.5 Dangerous for the environment: Yes
14.6 Special precautions for user
 Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9
14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code: Non-applicable

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:

Candidate substances for authorisation under the Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH): Non-applicable
 Regulation (EC) 1005/2009, about substances that deplete the ozone layer: Non-applicable
 Active substances for which a decision of non-inclusion onto Annex I (Regulation (EU) No 528/2012): Non-applicable
 Regulation (EC) 649/2012, in relation to the import and export of hazardous chemical products: Non-applicable

Limitations to commercialisation and the use of certain dangerous substances and mixtures (Annex XVII, REACH):

Shall not be used, as substance or as mixtures in aerosol dispensers where these aerosol dispensers are intended for supply to the general public for entertainment and decorative purposes such as the following:

- metallic glitter intended mainly for decoration,
- artificial snow and frost,
- "whoopee" cushions,
- silly string aerosols,
- imitation excrement,
- horns for parties,
- decorative flakes and foams,
- artificial cobwebs,
- stink bombs.

Specific provisions in terms of protecting people or the environment:

It is recommended to use the information included in this safety data sheet as data used in a risk evaluation of the local circumstances in order to establish the necessary risk prevention measures for the manipulation, use, storage and disposal of this product.

Other legislation:



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SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION (continue)

The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009, 2009 No. 716
The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment Regulations 2009 (CDG 2009), SI 2009 No 1348
The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment (Amendment) Regulations 2011, 2011 No. 1885
Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (as amended)
EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits
The Waste Regulations 2011, 2011 No. 988

15.2 Chemical safety assessment:

The supplier has not carried out evaluation of chemical safety.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Legislation related to safety data sheets:

This safety data sheet has been designed in accordance with ANNEX II-Guide to the compilation of safety data sheets of Regulation (EC) N° 1907/2006 (Regulation (EC) N° 453/2010)

Modifications related to the previous security card which concerns the ways of managing risks. :

Non-applicable

Text of R-phrases considered in section 3:

The phrases indicated do not refer to the product itself; they are present merely for informative purposes and refer to the individual components which appear in section 3

Directive 67/548/EC and Directive 1999/45/EC:

- R10: Flammable
- R20/21: Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin
- R21: Harmful in contact with skin
- R21/22: Harmful in contact with skin and if swallowed
- R37: Irritating to respiratory system
- R38: Irritating to skin
- R40: Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect
- R41: Risk of serious damage to eyes
- R43: May cause sensitisation by skin contact
- R48/20: Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation
- R50/53: Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment
- R51/53: Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment
- R62: Possible risk of impaired fertility
- R65: Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed
- R66: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking
- R67: Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness

CLP Regulation (EC) n° 1272/2008:

- Acute Tox. 4: H302 - Harmful if swallowed
- Acute Tox. 4: H312 - Harmful in contact with skin
- Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332 - Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled
- Aquatic Chronic 1: H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
- Aquatic Chronic 2: H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
- Asp. Tox. 1: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
- Carc. 2: H351 - Suspected of causing cancer
- Eye Dam. 1: H318 - Causes serious eye damage
- Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour
- Repr. 2: H361f - Suspected of damaging fertility.
- Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation
- Skin Sens. 1: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction
- STOT RE 1: H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
- STOT SE 3: H335 - May cause respiratory irritation
- STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Advice related to training:

Minimal training is recommended to prevent industrial risks for staff using this product, in order to facilitate their comprehension and interpretation of this safety data sheet, as well as the label on the product.

Principal bibliographical sources:

- <http://esis.jrc.ec.europa.eu>
- <http://echa.europa.eu>
- <http://eur-lex.europa.eu>

Abbreviations and acronyms:



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SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION (continue)

- ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by road
- IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods code
- IATA: International Air Transport Association
- ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation
- COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand
- BOD5: 5-day biochemical oxygen demand
- BCF: Bioconcentration factor
- LD50: Lethal Dose 50
- CL50: Lethal Concentration 50
- EC50: Effective concentration 50
- Log-POW: Octanol–water partition coefficient
- Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon

The information contained in this security data sheet is based on sources, technical knowledge and current legislation at European and state level, without being able to guarantee its accuracy. This information cannot be considered a guarantee of the properties of the product, it is simply a description of the security requirements. The occupational methodology and conditions for users of this product are not within our awareness or control, and it is ultimately the responsibility of the user to take the necessary measures to obtain the legal requirements concerning the manipulation, storage, use and disposal of chemical products. The information on this security data sheet only refers to this product, which should not be used for needs other than those specified.

- END OF SAFETY DATA SHEET -